INDICATORS OF ASEAN
HIGHER EDUCATION
Government Expenditure on Education (as % of GDP)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Youth Literacy Rate
(age 15-24)

Data refer to the most recent year available.
Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Years of Schooling

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Inequality in Education

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Tertiary gross enrolment ratio (%)

Data refer to the most recent year available.
Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Tertiary enrollment (in thousands)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Source: Education Statistics – All Indicators: World Databank
* Office of Planning, Research and Knowledge Management, AY 2017/18
Tertiary graduates

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Education Statistics – All Indicators: World Databank
* Office of Planning, Research and Knowledge Management, AY 2016/17
Number of Higher Education Institutions

Source: Higher Education across Asia, Asian Development Bank
* Office of Planning, Research and Knowledge Management, AY 2017/18
GDP (PPP $ Billions), 2015

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
GDP per capita (PPP $ hundreds), 2015

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Gross fixed capital formation
(as % of GDP)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Taxes on income, profit and capital gain (% of total tax revenue)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Research and development expenditure (as % of GDP)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Foreign direct investment, net inflows (as % of GDP)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Private capital flows (as % of GDP)

- Singapore: 8.5
- Brunei: 6.8
- Thailand: 5.4
- Malaysia: 2.2
- Philippines: 1.6
- Indonesia: -4.9
- Vietnam: -5.5
- Cambodia: -9.3
- Lao PDR: -13.1

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Net official development assistance received 
(as % of GNI)

Data refer to the most recent year available.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Remittance, inflows 
(as % of GDP)

Data refer to the most recent year available.
Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Abbreviations

Abbreviations Used
- CSI – CHED Supervised Institutions
- ETEAP – Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program
- HEIs – Higher education institutions
- LUCs – Local Universities and Colleges
- OGS – Other Government Schools
- QS – Quacquarelli Symonds
- STEAM – Science, Technology, Engineering, Agriculture and Mathematics
- SUCs – State Universities and Colleges

Definition of Terms

Definition of Terms
- Government expenditure on education: Current, capital transfer spending on education, expressed as a percentage of GDP
- Youth literacy rate: Percentage of the population ages 15-24 that can, with understanding, both read and write a short simple statement on everyday life
- Expected years of schooling: Number of years of schooling that a child of school entrance age can expect to receive if prevailing patterns of age-specific enrolment rates persist throughout the child’s life.
- Mean years of schooling: Average number of years of education received by people ages 25 and older, converted from education attainment levels using official duration of each level.
- Inequality in education: Inequality in distribution of years of schooling based on data from household surveys estimated using the Atkinson inequality index.
- Gross enrolment ratio: Total enrolment in a given level of education (pre-primary, primary, secondary or tertiary), regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official school-age population for the same level of education.
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP): Sum of gross value added by all resident producers in the economy plus any product taxes and minus any subsidies not included in the value of the products, expressed in 2011 international dollars using purchasing power party (PPP) rates.
- GDP per Capita: GDP in a particular period divided by the total population in the same period.

Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program
Definition of Terms

- **Gross fixed capital formation**: Value of acquisitions of new or existing fixed assets by the business sector, government and households (excluding the incorporated enterprises) less disposals of fixed assets, expressed as percentage of GDP. No adjustment is made for depreciation of fixed assets.
- **Taxes on income, profits and capital gains**: Taxes levied on the actual or presumptive net income of individuals, on the profits of corporation and enterprises and capital gains, whether realized or not, on land, securities and other assets.
- **Research and development expenditure**: Current and capital expenditures (both public and private) on creative work undertaken systematically to increase knowledge, including knowledge of humanity, culture, and society, and the use of knowledge for new applications. Research and development covers basic research, applied research and experimental development.
- **Foreign direct investment, net inflows**: Sum of equity capital, reinvestment of earning, other long-term capital and short-term capital, expressed as a percentage of GDP.
- **Private capital flows**: Net foreign direct investment and portfolio investment, expressed as a percentage of GDP.
- **Net official development assistance received**: Disbursements of loans made on concessional terms (net of repayments of principal) and grants by official agencies to promote economic development and welfare in countries and territories on the Development Assistance Committee list of aid recipients, expressed as a percentage of the recipient country's gross national income (GNI).
- **Remittance, inflows**: Earnings and material resources transferred by international migrants or refugees to recipients in their country of origin or countries in which the migrant formerly resided.

*Source: Human Development Report 2016, United Nations Development Program*